

Washington, Mar. 5, 1894.

Senator Manderson, aided by Senator Gorham, broke up Mr. Josiah Quincy's little scheme for withholding his testimony in the investigation of the letting of the contract for the publication of the Patent Office Gazette until he had heard what the rest of the witnesses had to tell, and compelled him to testify. Under cross-examination Mr. Quincy convicted himself of about everything charged against him, and in addition created a very strong suspicion that the "National Economist," the official organ of the Farmers' Alliance, which he has been endorsing notes for, is mixed up in the mess and that it was in the pay of the democratic National Committee during the last campaign. Quincy acknowledged that it was his endorsement that procured the money to do the work after he had succeeded in getting the contract given to his friends; also, that he had persuaded treasury officials to cash vouchers for them that had been "hung up," and yet he denies having any personal interest in the contract. Such friendship is very extraordinary.

Representative Grout of Vermont, in a speech on the Pension Appropriation bill, now before the House, presented some statistics showing the pension policy of the present administration to be against the veterans, in a manner that could not be truthfully contradicted. He presented figures showing that pensions are granted only one-fourth as fast by Commissioner Lochren as they were by Commissioner Raum, the latter rejecting on an average only one case out of four applications, while the former rejects two applications for every one granted, in order to carry out the policy mapped out by Mr. Cleveland of reducing pension payments by withholding certificates that should be properly issued. He called attention to the recent democratic estimate that \$26,000,000 would remain unexpended at the close of the present fiscal year out of the appropriations to pay pensions, "and significantly enough" said Mr. Grout, "that is just about the amount Speaker Crisp said, in his speech in favor of the tariff bill, would be saved by reducing expenses." No democrat attempted to reply to these statements, but Mr. Meredith of Virginia made a foolish speech in which he repeated Mr. Cleveland's libel of there being thousands of fraudulent pensioners, and he went a step further and said that he had personal knowledge of these frauds. He was interrupted by Mr. Funk, of Ill., who told him that if he knew of a fraudulent pensioner and failed to denounce him to the authorities he was not a good citizen, to which he, after blustering and talking about fighting, made the childish reply that he was not required to act as a spy or an informer and that he declined to do so. Now wasn't that like a democrat?

It is certain that no administration of the United States was ever so universally condemned after only one year of power as that of Mr. Cleveland is. Here are a few of the condemnations of it by members of congress: Senator Teller—"The most signal failure of any administration we have ever had;" Senator Peffer—"Has been a series of blunders that might have been avoided;" Senator Wilson—"I do not think the country will want a repetition of such an administration. There is no doubt whatever that we shall have a change;" Senator Cullom—"Has been most unfortunate, and characterized by a greater number of blunders than have occurred under any other administration;" Senator Dolph—"Has proven a disastrous failure, having no parallel in our history;" Senator Power—"Mr. Cleveland's free trade policy has made the cup of the American working men full of misery;" Senator Proctor—"The esteem in which the people hold Mr. Cleveland's first year of administration is shown by the recent election in Pennsylvania;" Senator Higgins—"For our present miseries we have to thank the democratic party, which is, it seems, never so happy as when trying to run a sword through our industries;" Senator Pugh (democrat)—"I condemn Mr. Cleveland's financial policy in toto;" Senator Frye—"His Hawaiian policy and his attempting to force the Wilson bill through congress have wrecked his party, and to this extent Mr. Cleveland is a public benefactor;" Senator Hale—"The only hope of business men is the expected total overthrow of the democratic party at the fall elections;" Senator Manderson—"A miserable and lamentable failure;" Senator Platt—"Incompetent and bad;" Representatives, Bowers—"May the good Lord save us from three more such years;" Bingham—"He has lost the good esteem of the people by his piety and bitterness as well as by his attempts to control the legislative branch of the government contrary to the constitution;" Payne—"The only good thing accomplished is the demoralization of the party which placed it in power;" Walker—"The record of the year is little short of disastrous;" (Republican)—"No administration has ever gone out of power so little regretted as will that of Mr. Cleveland;" Storrs—"Is a great failure," and March—"Has been a hell upon earth."

The sanitary condition of Rio Janeiro is said to be something appalling and yellow fever is rampant. For several days the burials have numbered ninety a day, and it is impossible to state the number of new cases. Dr. Banden, a medical authority there, thinks that the number of those seriously ill with the disease averages about 200 a day. Many more of the foreign crews in the harbor are stricken with it and not a few have died. Intercourse between the warships has been stopped. The United States cruisers Charleston, San Francisco and Newark are out at sea for a change of air, the Detroit having returned from a similar trip. There are no cases of the fever on board any of the American war ships except the Newark.

General Jubal A. Early died after a long illness at Lynchburg, Va., last Friday night, aged seventy-seven years. He rendered distinguished services to the confederates at Fredericksburg and Gettysburg, but owed his greatest notoriety to the burning of Chambersburg, Penn. He was also the commander whom Sheridan sent "whirling through the valley" at Winchester. A still more disastrous defeat at Waynesboro by Custer in March, 1865, caused him to be relieved of his command. He remained an unreconstructed rebel to the last, refusing to forget that the war was over or to accept courtesies offered him by northerners. For years he had been one of the superintendents of the Louisiana lottery drawings, at the enormous salary of \$25,000 a year.

Almost all the United States senators and representatives from Wyoming, Kansas and Colorado, where women vote, appeared upon the platform at the recent national woman suffrage convention in Washington and expressed their belief in equal rights for women. The strongest testimonies were from Wyoming, where woman suffrage has prevailed longest. Representative Coffeen of Wyoming said, "The best quality of voters we have in Wyoming are the women. The party color, control, dictation—the party servitude, in short—is not so strong among women as among men; they are freer from party trammels, hence better able to take a good square look at things; and they have a profounder feeling upon ethical questions. In Wyoming, not only does equal suffrage give us more orderly elections, but women bring to bear upon public questions their judgment and sentiment combined, with the best results."

Senator David B. Hill of New York has declared open war against the Wilson tariff bill, by introducing a preamble and resolution in the senate, which, if adopted, would knock that measure "galley west." The preamble declares that the secretary of the treasury has announced a deficit of \$78,000,000 under the McKinley law, and that the proposed Wilson bill will increase it by \$76,000,000 more, which double deficit it proposes to meet by new internal and direct taxes. The resolution calls on the senate finance committee to frame amendments to the bill which shall do away with the internal and direct taxes, and to impose a tariff on imports sufficient to prevent any deficiency. The preamble and resolution are sound, patriotic, and practical. It is to be hoped that, with the aid of a union between the Republican senators and the anti-Wilson bill Democrats, they may be passed.

Gladstone has at last been compelled by growing infirmity due to old age to resign the British premiership. It has been one of the wonders of the age how a man could retain his vigor, both of mind and body, through a lifetime spent in the most wearing of occupations, politics. And yet Gladstone has until recently shown the effects of old age but little. Of late, however, he has given evidence of weakness that admonished him that his career of activity would soon be brought to a close. He is quick to heed the warning and lays down the scepter of office before endangering the public weal by acts due to his enfeebled condition. Gladstone's biography is one of the most remarkable in history. While not always successful in his undertakings, he accomplished much that was considered impossible. He has never been deterred by fear of failure, apparently seeking only the right, as he saw it. His place will be hard to fill in the present disturbed condition of British politics. The Earl of Rosebury is his successor.

#### State News Items.

Hubbard Davis, a leading farmer of Bellows Falls, is dead.  
John Donovan was killed at St. Albans, Mar. 4, by a switching engine.  
Rutland elected Gen. Kingsley, republican, for mayor at the Tuesday election.  
Angelo Belotti, an Italian, died in Barre last week from wounds inflicted by another Italian.  
The Vermont teeth-pullers will meet in convention at White River Junction Mar. 21-23.

Deputy Collector Weeks of Bellows Falls, who has been looking up Chinamen in the State, finds only 30 of them.

So far as town elections went in this state, if they have any political significance at all, Republicans may claim great gains.

Col. Hooker of Brattleboro, in a sharp contest over the matter of road commissioner, was defeated by P. L. Eames.

E. P. Adams of Swanton has gone into insolvency; he was president of the defunct suspender company and lost money in it.

Col. O. A. Gates of Morrisville, aide-camp on the staff of Gov. Fuller, is reported to be constantly failing and his death is expected at any time.

Burlington, which has been under democratic dominion for some years, was carried by the Republicans on Tuesday, Van Patten, the republican nominee, carrying the city by 369 plurality.

The failure of the Green Mountain Stock Farm company of Randolph is to be sincerely deplored by all Vermonters who appreciate the efforts this concern has made to place Vermont-bred cattle in the lead. The stock from this farm has repeatedly won the world's premium for equality. The management made a specialty of Jersey cattle. It is expected that the stock-holders will be the only losers and the business will be carried on as heretofore.

Vermont Day at the San Francisco Fair was duly recognized Mar. 4. A large gathering was present, including Gov. and Mrs. Fuller, Col. Forbes and other Vermonters, with many California Vermonters and distinguished natives of the State from other States. Tables were spread for 1500. There were speeches, toasts and rolls and plenty of maple sugar. Altogether it was an occasion of great and pleasing interest. The speech of Gov. Fuller did honor to himself and to Vermont.

The annual midwinter school of the officers of the First Regiment, Vermont National Guard was held recently at Burlington. A large majority of the officers were in attendance. They were welcomed to the Queen City by General T. S. Peck. Notable features of the two days' session were addresses by Brigadier General Estey, Lieutenant E. E. Hardin and Captain Guy Howard. Interesting papers were read by Colonel C. C. Kinsman on the practical management of a company, and what to do if called suddenly into active service, and by Captain E. H. Tuthery on practical soldiering in the field. The officers visited Fort Ethan Allen on a special train, accompanied by Colonel E. C. Smith, president of the Central Vermont railroad, Dr. W. Seward Webb and Mayor Haselton of Burlington.

#### Washington News.

The Wilson tariff bill which passed the house Feb. 1, was laid before the full membership of the Senate Committee on Finance March 3, in the amended form upon which the Democratic majority of that committee finally agreed, after one whole month's consideration, and numerous changes of front upon all the more important objects of taxation. Simultaneously with the presentation of the bill to the full committee it was given out for publication through the press. The chief features upon which public interest centered were the provisions in regard to the tariff on sugar, iron ore, lead, wool and its manufactures, cotton manufactures and the internal-revenue taxes on whiskey and tobacco.

Sugar has been placed on the dutiable list at from one cent to a cent and two-fifths per pound according to polariscope test.

Iron ore, including manganiferous iron ore, also the dross or residuum from burnt pyrites, forty cents per ton.

Coal is taken from the free list and made dutiable also at forty cents a ton and coke at fifteen cents.

The whiskey tax is raised to \$1.10 per gallon. The bonded period is extended five years, that is from three to eight years.

Lumber remains on the free list. The income tax provision of two per cent remains in the bill, but the tax on non-residents is stricken out.

#### General News Items.

Democratic repeater in Troy, N. Y., killed one and wounded another in Troy on election day. Of course the men shot were republicans.

The Mass. legislature is struggling over the matter of biennial state elections. It looks as though the question would be brought before the people for a change in the constitution.

Bishop Hurst says he feels very much encouraged over the prospects of the National Methodist University at Washington. More than \$200,000 have been received within the past few months, despite the hard times, and a resident of Washington has pledged \$25,000 on the day the cornerstone of the first building is laid. That event will occur this year, Bishop Hurst says.

**Royal Baking Powder**  
Absolutely Pure

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder Co.,  
106 Wall St., N. Y.

## DAVIS, THE SHOE MAN.

No wonder Davis is called the "Shoe Man." It needs but a single glance at our Shoe Department to convince you that we have the stock, and the Blind know as well as those who can see, that we DO the shoe business in this locality.

Now is the time for RUBBER GOODS. Our stock contains all the fine specialties. Ask to see the LADIES' HOLDFAST RUBBER. It is a success.

We sell Goodyear Glove Rubbers only, and no one who indulges in the truth will claim to have any better goods for sale.

We are still giving away every 19th pair of shoes. \$50 worth have already been given away. It's expensive, but, we believe in "casting our bread upon the water—" Our motto is to live and let live.

Respectfully,

GEO. H. DAVIS,  
NELSON BLOCK, Barton, Vt.

Our guarantee is like a Bank  
Check—if your purchase does  
not suit you, bring back the  
goods and draw your money.

### E. D. STAFFORD & GEORGE MARTIN

Having rented the Paint Shop over Burbank's shop, would say:  
Now is the time to have the place to save a dollar.—Get your wagon painted before June 1st. Bring them in at once. We will paint them at the right price, with the best of stock and warrant them as represented or no charge.

Ceilings and all first-class Paperhangings done at short notice. We have all the improved tools for ceilings, and know their use.

Yours Truly,  
STAFFORD & MARTIN,  
Paint Shop near Grist Mill, Barton Landing.

### Estate of Hannah A. Robbins.

STATE OF VERMONT, ORLEANS DISTRICT, ss. In Probate Court held at Newport, said District, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1894.

H. Z. Harriman, Administrator of the estate of Hannah A. Robbins, late of Craftsbury in said District deceased, presents his administration account for examination and allowance, and makes application for a decree of distribution and partition of the estate of said deceased.

Whereupon it is ordered by said Court that said account and said application be referred to a session thereof to be held at the Probate Office in said Newport, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1894, for hearing and decision thereon: And it is further ordered that notice hereof be given to all persons interested by publication of the same three weeks successively in the Orleans County Monitor a newspaper published at Barton previous to said time appointed for hearing, that they may appear at said time and place and show cause, if any they may have, why said account should not be allowed, and such decree made.

By the Court—Attest,  
W. M. LINDSAY, Register.  
10-12

### Chase & Sanborn's "SEAL BRAND" COFFEE

Served Exclusively to the  
Over Twenty-One Million People  
admitted to World's Fair Grounds



Universally accepted as the  
Leading Fine Coffee of the World  
If you can find a grocer in New England that does not sell "Seal Brand" Coffee, and will send the information to us, we will send you 50 half-tone views of the World's Fair free.

Chase & Sanborn, Boston, Mass.

### C. C. GROW'S A

It has been proven by a large number of Customers that in with me they get

### Rock Bottom Prices. Flour! Flour! Flour!

I have sold 15 car-loads of Flour since last March.

Among the brands now on hand are Creasota, Royal, Snow, Snow White, Queen, White Satin, Gem, Victor and others. All standard Flours and all warranted.

Prices are lower than anybody ever heard of before. Compete no competition. Excellent grade Flour at

**\$3.39 to \$3.79.**

Teas, 20 to 40 cts.

Former price, 30 to 50 cts.

### Nails! Nails! Nail

Who ever heard of good Nails being sold at \$1.30 a Hundred. Grow is doing it. Now is the time to buy Tobaccos. Good Cut 4 oz., 7 cts.; 8 oz., 14 cts.; 16 oz., 28 cts. I give full weight, no weight as some are giving.

### SUGAR! SUGAR

Will not be undersold by any man in the County.

### Groceries! Groceries

All sorts and Lowest Prices. I mention only a few articles, but many lines and a large stock of goods. It will pay you to come and get prices. There is no use of trying to keep up these panic tariff times.

Thanking you for past patronage I shall try to merit a share of the County by supplying goods at prices which will sell.

REMEMBER my store is on upper Main Street, between the

### F-L-O-U-R!

— AT —

TOWER BROTHERS